# Side Impact Inflatable Restraint Systems

# Real World Experience of Side Impact Air Bags in the Special Crash Investigations

October 25, 2001

### **Augustus "Chip" Chidester**

**National Highway Traffic Safety Administration** 







## Case Selection Criteria





- High injury outcome with deployment of a side air bag
- Allegations of a fatal or seriously injured occupant attributed to the deployment of a side air bag
- Deployment of a side air bag into a position occupied by a child.
- Deployment of a head occupant protection system into an occupied position.

# Various Types of Side Air Bags



### **National Center for Statistics and Analysis**





IC



Door/ITS



Seat



Seat H/T



Door

# 55 Side Air Bag Cases (10/1/01)



<b>N</b>		
7	<b>X</b>	

Type of Side Air Bag	Plane of impact					
	Left	Front	Right	Rollover	No Impact	Totals
Seat	14	3	7		2	<b>26</b>
Seat/IC		1				1
Seat H/T	3					3
Door	9		5	4		18
Door/ITS	4	1		1		6
Door/IC	1					1
Totals	31	5	12	5	2	<b>55</b>

# 55 Side Air Bag Cases (10/1/01)



**National Center for Statistics and Analysis** 



11- BMW

9 – Volvo

9 - Mercedes Benz

7 - General Motors

6 – Volkswagen

6- Toyota/Lexus

2 - Nissan/Infinity

1 – Porsche

1 – Mazda

1 – Jaguar

1 – Lincoln

1 - Honda

### 31 Left Side Impacts



**National Center for Statistics and Analysis** 



- 8 Head and thorax side air bag deployments
  - ষ্ম 1- Fatal (severe intrusion) struck in driver's door by school bus
    - Lacerated Aorta and No Head Injury
  - ষ্ঠ 1- Serious Injury (severe intrusion) struck in driver's door by a pick up truck
    - Fractured Ribs, Collapsed Lung, Lacerated
      Spleen, Torn Diaphragm, Torn Bladder and No

Head Injury

- প্ৰ 3- Minor
- ম 3- To be determined (new cases)

### 31 Left Side Impacts





- 23 Thorax only side air bag deployments
  - ষ 5 Fatal (severe intrusion)
  - ষ 1 AIS 3 (To be discussed later)
    - 3 fractured ribs with pnuemothorax related to the side air bag deployment
  - ম 1 AIS 2 (Struck by P/U, crushing Injury)
    - Concussion; Fractured left clavicle; Contusions to left side of body, related to left side door panel.
  - ষ 12 AIS 1
  - □ A − No injury, a complaint of pain or unknown if injured

### 12 Right Side Impacts





- 12 Thorax only side air bag deployments
  - ষ 3 Fatal (severe intrusion)
  - ষ 3 AIS 2 (not side air bag related)
    - Fractured R Wrist, Rib R Contusion, Elbow R Dislocation
    - Fractured Clavicle
    - Fractured Lumbar Vertebrae
  - ଷ 2 AIS 1
  - ষ 1 No injury, a complaint of pain or unknown if injured
  - ষ 3 Not Occupied





### 13 Fatalities in Side Air Bag Investigations



**National Center for Statistics and Analysis** 





# NO-SIDE-AIR-BAG-DEPLOYMENT-RELATED-FATALITIES

#### 8 - Driver Fatalities

- a 5 Left side impacts with a thorax deployment
  - severe intrusion
- ম 1 Left side impacts with a Head and Thorax deployment
  - severe intrusion
- a 2 Rollover (driver ejection) with a deployment
- 5 Passenger Fatalities
  - ম 3 Right side impacts with a deployment
    - severe intrusion
  - ສ 1 Rollover
  - ↑ Frontal



### 2 Children in Side Air Bag Deployments



**National Center for Statistics and Analysis** 

- Right front side air bag deployment, 3 year old male, unbelted, minor injury (AIS-1), injury source was the side airbag cover flap
- Left side, back seat deployment, 13 year old male, unbelted minor injury (AIS-1), injury source side airbag cover flap.







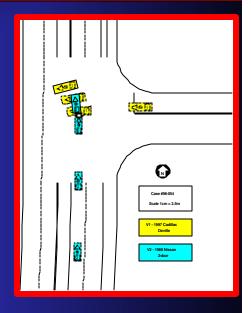


# 1-Serious Injury Related to a Side Air Bag Deployment





- Vehicle Damage
  - ষ 09LPEW3
  - ষ্ 11.4" (29 cm) of Maximum Crush
  - ষ্ 9 MPH (14.5 KMPH) Barrier Equivalent Ä V





- Driver Demographics
  - ষ 76 y/o male
  - ষ্ 6'2" 180 lbs
  - ষ্ব 3 point manual restraint in use

# 1-Serious Injury Related to a Side Air Bag Deployment

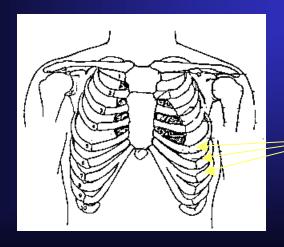


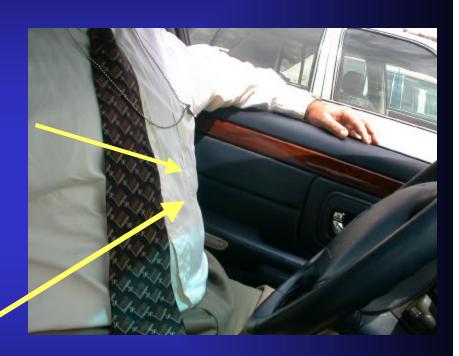
**National Center for Statistics and Analysis** 



### Driver Injuries

- ম Closed fracture 6, 7 & 8th left lateral ribs (3) with left anterior pnuemothorax
- ম Abrasion left lateral chest





**Exemplar Vehicle & Occupar** 

# 1-Serious Injury Related to a Side Air Bag Deployment



**National Center for Statistics and Analysis** 

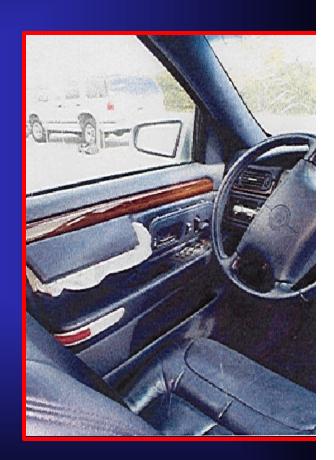


### Side Air Bag as the Driver Injury Source

- ্ব Closed fracture 6, 7 & 8th left lateral ribs (3) with left anterior pnuemothorax
  - Resulted from a narrow focused impact
  - Located proximal to the side air bag

#### ম Abrasion left lateral chest

- Crushing injuries related to intrusion are typically contusions
- Swiping injuries are abrasions



### Seat Mounted Thorax Side Air Bag Issues - 26 Cases





- The fore and aft seat location is not affected.
- Inadvertent deployments.
  - **Objects against the seat mounted firing trigger.**
- The air bag has produced minor (AIS-1) injuries
- The occupant may "miss the air bag" in crashes with a PDOF of one o'clock.
- No head protection



### Door Mounted Thorax Side Air Bag Issues - 18 Cases



**National Center for Statistics and Analysis** 

- The fore and aft seat location is affected.
- Inadvertent deployments.
  - ম GM Recall on Cadillac
- The cover flap has produced one case with serious (AIS-3) injuries
  - ম Vehicle no longer in production with this air bag configuration
- The occupant may "miss the air bag" in crashes with a PDOF of one o'clock.
- No head protection



### Head Protection Side Air Bag Issues - 11 Cases



**National Center for Statistics and Analysis** 

- The fore and aft seat location is not affected.
- in the cases with head protection, including at least one fatality due to a thorax injury, the occupant received no life threatening head injuries
- The head protection side air bag has not been attributed to any injuries



### **Conclusions**



#### **National Center for Statistics and Analysis**

- No fatalities have been attributed to the deployment of a side air bag
- One seriously injured occupant (AIS-3) has been attributed to the deployment of a door mounted side air bag
- In the 2 cases involving children, the side air bags afforded occupant protection.
- The head protection side air bag has been successful in reducing head injury.
- Passenger compartment intrusion is the primary contributor to the fatal injury mechanism.



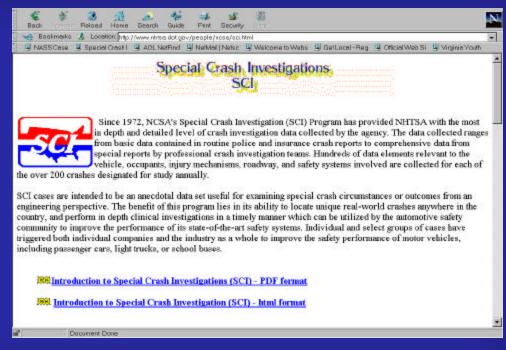




### Public Access to Data









- Internet accessible through Web site
- http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/ncsa/sci.html